

Schare Repository Introduction

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ScHARe

Science collaborative for Health disparities and Artificial intelligence bias Reduction

Outline

- **15'** ScHARe Overview
- **5'** Repository Background
- **5'** Getting Started
- **15'** Uploading your first Data Set
- 15' HANDS ON: Uploading Data
- **15'** CDE Mapping and Dataviews
- 15' HANDS ON: Dataviews for CDE Mapping
- 5' Sharing Data
- **10'** Data Aggregation and Analysis Overview
- 15' Conclusion and Q&A

Experience poll

Please check your level of experience with the following:

	None	Some	Proficient	Expert
Python				
R				
Cloud computing				
Terra				
Health disparities research				
Health outcomes research				
Algorithmic bias mitigation				

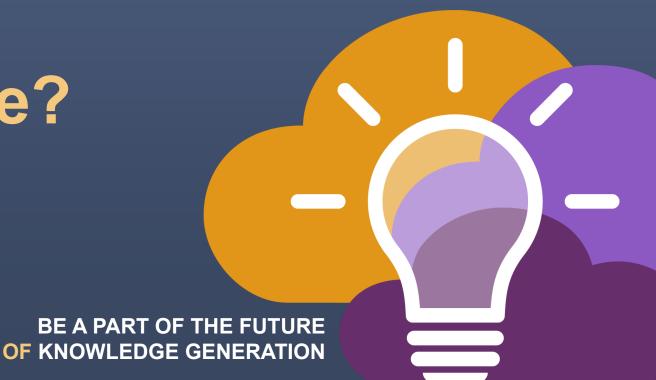
Interest poll

I am interested in (check all that apply):

- □ Learning about Health Disparities and Health Outcomes research to apply my data science skills
 □ Conducting my own research using Al/cloud computing and publishing papers
- ☐ Connecting with new collaborators to conduct research using Al/cloud computing and publish papers
- \square Learning to use AI tools and cloud computing to gain new skills for research using Big Data
- □ Learning cloud computing resources to implement my own cloud.
- ☐ Developing bias mitigation and ethical Al strategies
- □ Other

SCHARE

What is ScHARe?



ScHARe

Science collaborative for Health disparities and Artificial intelligence bias Reduction



Register: nimhd.nih.gov/schare

ScHARe is a cloud-based population science data platform designed to accelerate research in health disparities, health and healthcare delivery outcomes, and artificial intelligence (AI) bias mitigation strategies

Schare aims to fill five critical gaps:

- Increase participation of women & underrepresented populations with health disparities in data science through data science skills training, cross-discipline mentoring, and multi-career level collaborating on research
- Leverage population science, SDoH, and behavioral Big Data and cloud computing tools to foster a paradigm shift in health disparity and healthcare delivery outcomes research
- Advance Al bias mitigation and ethical inquiry by developing innovative strategies and securing diverse perspectives
- Provide a data science cloud computing resource for community colleges and low resource minority serving institutions and organizations
- Offer a project data repository centered on core common data elements for enhanced data interoperability and compliance with NIH Data Management and Sharing Policy

ScHARe



Google Platform Terra Interface

- Secure workspaces
- Data storage
- Computational resources
- Tutorials (how to)
- Copy-and-paste code in Python and R
- Learning Terra on ScHARe prepares you to use other NIH platforms



Terra recommends using **Chrome**Must have a **Gmail** friendly account

PREPARING FOR AI RESEARCH AND HEALTHCARE USING BIG DATA

Mapping across cloud platforms with Terra interface for collaborative research



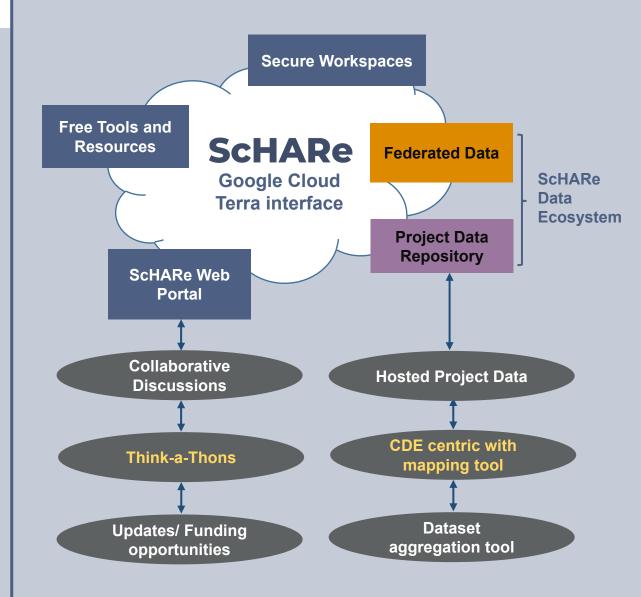


ScHARe Components

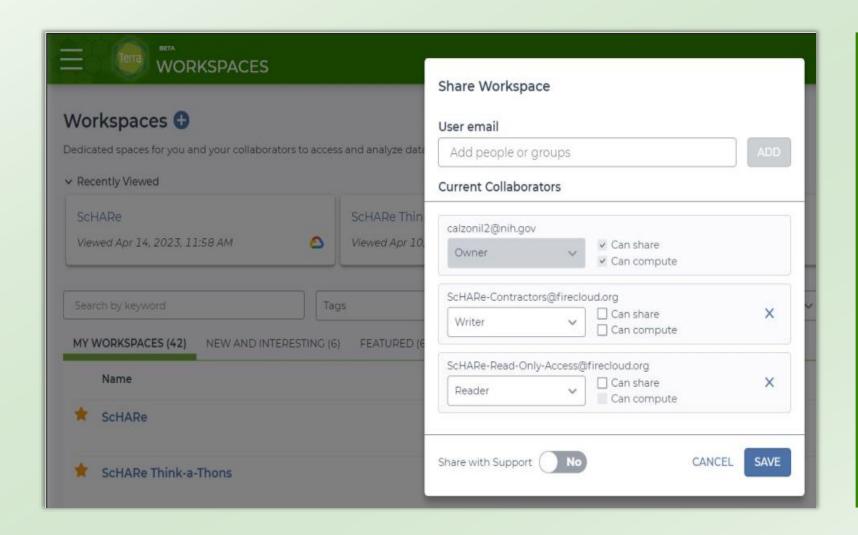
ScHARe co-localizes within the cloud:

- 1. Datasets (including social determinants of health and social science data) relevant to minority health, health disparities, and healthcare outcomes research
- 2. CDE-focused data repository to comply with the required hosting and sharing of data from NIMHD-/NINR-funded programs
- 3. User-friendly computational capabilities and secure, collaborative workspaces for students and all career level researchers
- 4. Tools for collaboratively evaluating and mitigating biases associated with datasets and algorithms utilized to inform healthcare and policy decisions (upcoming)

Intramural and Extramural Resource



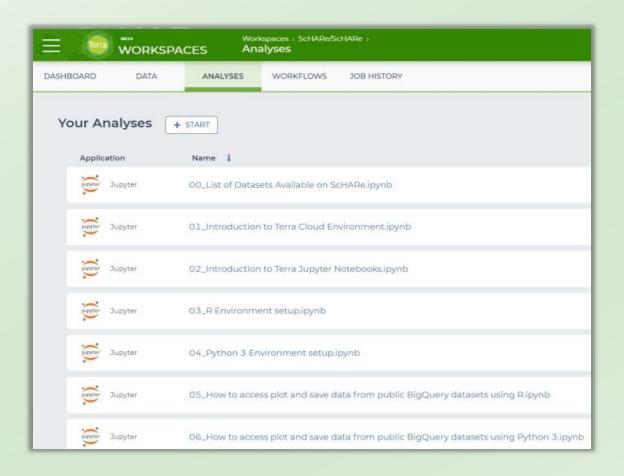
ScHARe Terra interface: secure workspace



- Secure workspace for self or collaborative research
- Assign roles: review or admin
- Host own data and code

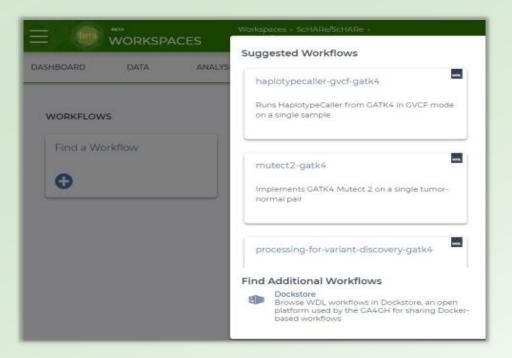
ScHARe Terra interface: analyses

Notebooks for analytics and tutorials



Modular codes

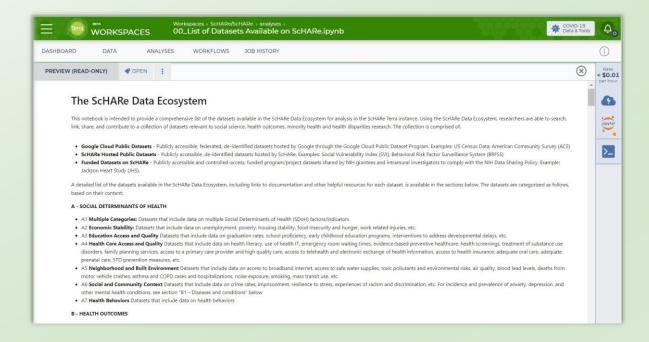
Easy-to-use copy-and-paste analytics



- Modular codes developed for reuse
- Adding SAS

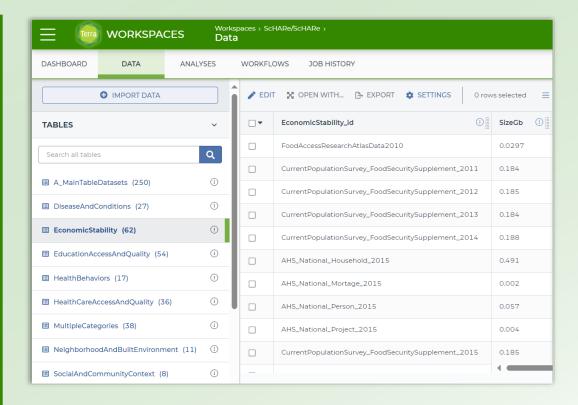
ScHARe Terra interface: access to datasets

What data?



In the Analyses tab, the notebook 00_List of Datasets Available on ScHARe lists all datasets

Where?



In the Data tab, data tables help access data

ScHARe Ecosystem structure

Researchers can access, link, analyze, and export a wealth of SDoH and population science related datasets within and across platforms relevant to research about health disparities, health care delivery, health outcomes and bias mitigation, including:

250+
FEDERATED
PUBLIC
DATASETS

Public datasets

Publicly accessible, federated, de-identified datasets hosted by ScHARe or hosted by Google through the Google Cloud Public Dataset Program

Schare e.g.: Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS)

Google e.g.: American Community Survey (ACS)

CDE FOCUSED REPOSITORY

Funded datasets

Publicly accessible and controlled-access, funded program/project datasets using <u>Common Data Elements</u> shared by NIH grantees and intramural investigators to comply with the NIH Data Sharing Policy

e.g.: Jackson Heart Study (JHS) Extramural Grant Data Intramural Project Data

Innovative Approach:
CDE Concept Codes
Uniform Resource Identifier (URI)

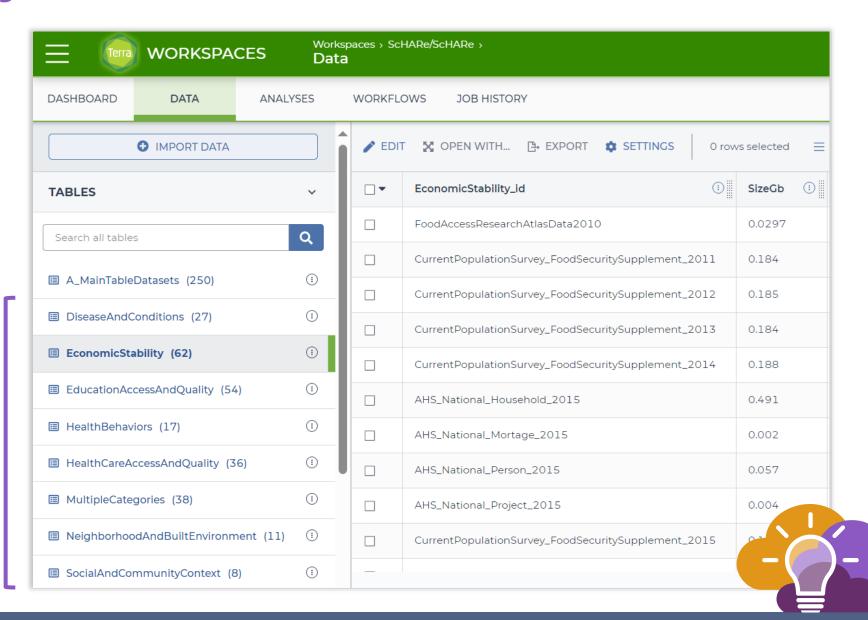
ScHARe Ecosystem

Datasets are categorized by content based on the CDC Social Determinants of Health categories:

- 1. Economic Stability
- Education Access and Quality
- Health Care Access and Quality
- Neighborhood and Built Environment
- 5. Social and Community Context

with the addition of:

- Health Behaviors
- Diseases and Conditions



Schare Ecosystem: Schare hosted datasets

Organized based on the CDC SDoH categories, with the addition of *Health Behaviors* and *Diseases and Conditions*:

What are the Social Determinants of Health?

Social determinants of health (SDoH) are the nonmedical factors that influence health outcomes

They are the conditions in which people are born, grow, work, live, and age, and the wider set of forces and systems shaping the conditions of daily life



https://www.cdc.gov/about/priorities/social-determinants-of-health-at-cdc.html?CDC AAref Val=https://www.cdc.gov/about/sdoh/index.html

Schare Ecosystem: Schare hosted datasets

Education access and quality

Data on graduation rates, school proficiency, early childhood education programs, interventions to address developmental delays, etc.

Health care access and quality

Data on health literacy, use of health IT, preventive healthcare, access to health insurance, etc.

Neighborhood and built environment

Data on access to safe water supplies, toxic pollutants and environmental risks, air quality, blood lead levels, noise exposure, smoking, mass transit use, etc.

Social and community context

Data on crime rates, imprisonment, resilience to stress, experiences of racism and discrimination, etc.

Economic stability

Data on unemployment, poverty, housing stability, food insecurity and hunger, work related injuries, etc.

* Health behaviors

Data on health-related practices that can directly affect health outcomes.

* Diseases and conditions

Data on incidence and prevalence of specific diseases and health conditions.



* Not Social Determinants of Health

ScHARe Ecosystem: Google hosted datasets

Examples of interesting datasets include:

- American Community Survey (U.S. Census Bureau)
- US Census Data (U.S. Census Bureau)
- Area Deprivation Index (BroadStreet)
- GDP and Income by County (Bureau of Economic Analysis)
- US Inflation and Unemployment (U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics)
- Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages (U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics)
- Point-in-Time Homelessness Count (U.S. Dept. of Housing and Urban Development)
- Low Income Housing Tax Credit Program (U.S. Dept. of Housing and Urban Development)
- US Residential Real Estate Data (House Canary)
- Center for Medicare and Medicaid Services Dual Enrollment (U.S. Dept. of Health & Human Services)
- Medicare (U.S. Dept. of Health & Human Services)
- Health Professional Shortage Areas (U.S. Dept. of Health & Human Services)
- CDC Births Data Summary (Centers for Disease Control)
- COVID-19 Data Repository by CSSE at JHU (Johns Hopkins University)
- COVID-19 Mobility Impact (Geotab)
- COVID-19 Open Data (Google BigQuery Public Datasets Program)
- COVID-19 Vaccination Access (Google BigQuery Public Datasets Program)

How to access Google hosted datasets

Big Query

The Google public datasets are available for access on Terra using BigQuery

- BigQuery is the Google Cloud storage solution for structured data
- It is easy to use, works with large amounts of data and offers fast data retrieval and analysis
- Our instructional notebooks in the Analyses tab provide code and instructions on using Big Query to access Google datasets



06_How to access plot and save data from public BigQuery datasets using Python 3.ipynb

The following Python code will read a BigQuery table into a Pandas dataframe.

From https://cloud.google.com/community/tutorials/bigguery-ibis

Ibis is a Python library for doing data analysis. It offers a Pandas-like environment for executing data analysis composable, and familiar replacement for SQL.

```
In [9]: # Connect to the dataset
         conn = ibis.bigquery.connect(dataset id='bigquery-public-data.broadstreet adi')
In [10]: # Read table
         ADI table 2 = conn.table('area deprivation index by census block group')
         ADI table 2
Out[10]: BigQueryTable[table]
           name: bigquery-public-data.broadstreet adi.area deprivation index by census block group
           schema:
             geo id : string
             state_fips_code : string
             county_fips_code : string
             block group fips code : string
             description : string
             county name : string
             state_name : string
             state : string
             year : int64
             area deprivation index percent : float64
```

SCHARE

The ScHARe Data Ecosystem

This document is intended to provide a comprehensive list of the datasets available in the ScHARe Data Ecosystem for analysis in the ScHARe Terra instance. Using the ScHARe Data Ecosystem, researchers are able to search, link, share, and contribute to a collection of datasets relevant to social science, health outcomes, minority health and health disparities research.

The collection is comprised of:

- Google-hosted Public Datasets Publicly accessible, federated, de-identified datasets hosted by Google through the Google Cloud Public Dataset Program. Examples: US Census Data; American
- ScHARe-hosted Public Datasets Publicly accessible, de-identified datasets hosted by ScHARe. Examples: Social Vulnerability Index (SVI), Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS)
- ScHARe-hosted Project Datasets Publicly accessible and controlled-access, funded program/project datasets shared by NIH grantees and intramural investigators to comply with the Jackson Heart Study (JHS)

ScHARe Datasets PDF list



bit.ly/ScHARe-datasets

CDE benefits:

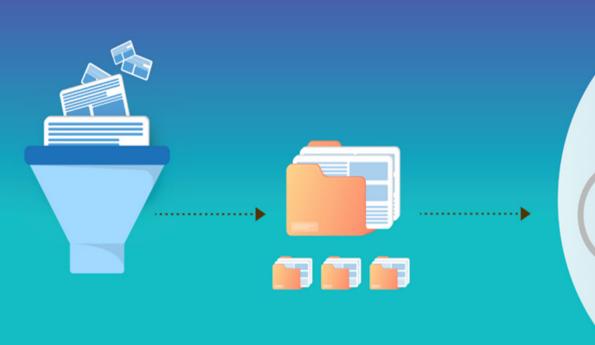
- Faster start-up for project
- Better data aggregation across projects
- **Shared meaning**
- Concept-focused to allow questions/answers variations
- Coding enables an URI approach for better data interoperability

A Common Data Element

(CDE) is a standardized, precisely defined question, paired with a set of allowable responses, used systematically across different sites, studies, or clinical trials to ensure consistent data collection

Because Researchers use CDEs...

they can more quickly share data and get results faster, which ultimately can help make a **meaningful difference to our nation's health**.



For more information about how CDEs accelerate research discoveries, visit: cde.nlm.nih.gov/resources

Schare Core CDEs Phenx Toolkit

NIH Endorsed



- Age
- Birthplace
- Zip Code
- Race and Ethnicity
- Sex
- Gender
- Sexual Orientation
- Marital Status
- Education
- Annual Household Income
- Household Size

- English Proficiency
- Disabilities
- Health Insurance
- Employment Status
- Usual Place of Health Care
- Financial Security / Social Needs
- Self-Reported Health
- Health Conditions (and Associated Medications/Treatments)
- NIMHD Framework*
- Health Disparity Outcomes*

* Project Level CDEs

ScHARe has developed **Common Data Elements** to ensure consistent data collection across studies, facilitate interoperability, and link data from different sources

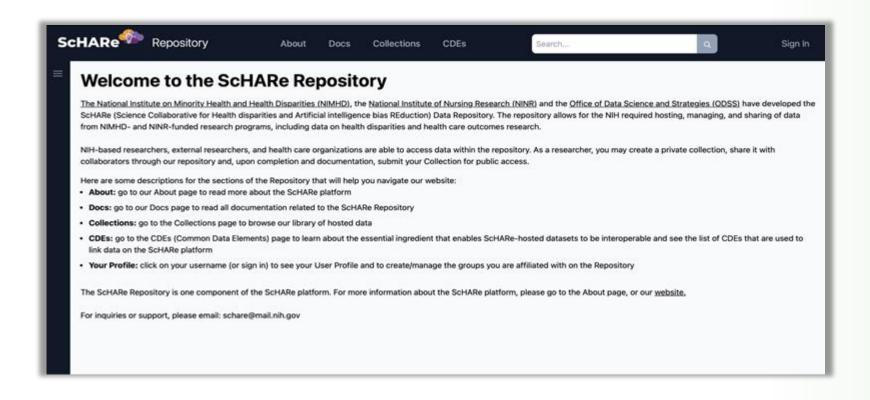
NIH CDE Repository:

cde.nlm.nih.gov/home

PhenX Toolkit:

www.nimhd.nih.gov/resources/phenx/

ScHARe Repository



- Host your project data in a safe space with privacy levels, secure workspaces, collaboration platform
- Comply with NIH Data
 Management and Data
 Sharing Policy
- Focus: Social Science,
 SDoH, Health Disparities,
 Health Outcomes Research
- CDE centric: Map project
 CDEs or variables to
 ScHARe-PhenX CDEs
- Link your data with others and federated data





ScHARe

Research Think-a-Thons

- Novice training webinars for data science, cloud computing and research using Big Data
- Target: underrepresented populations, women, racial/ethnic and sexual gender minorities, rural and poor populations



Think-a-Thons

Goals:

- Upskill underrepresented populations in data science and cloud computing
- Foster a research paradigm shift to use
 Big Data in health disparities/health outcomes research
- Promote use of Dark Data

1. TUTORIAL AND TARGETED THINK-A-THONS

- Monthly sessions (2 1/2 hours)
- Instructional/interactive
- Designed for new/experienced users
- Networking
- Mentoring and coaching
- Topics include:
 - Data Science 101
 - Terra
 - Social Determinants of Health analytics

Launched

3rd

Wednesday

of every

month

2 pm

April 2024

- Common Data Elements
- Al readiness
- Ethical and transparent Al
- Bias mitigation

• Multi-ca

 Multi-career (students to senior investigators)

2. RESEARCH THINK-A-THONS

- Multi-discipline (data scientists and researchers)
- Featured datasets with guest experts leads
- Guest experts in topic areas, analytics, data sources etc. to provide guidance
- Generate research idea decide design, datasets and analytics
- Learn Ethical Al
- Publications

Register: bit.ly/think-a-thons



Think-a-Thon tutorials

August

bit.ly/think-a-thons

February	Artificial Intelligence and	Cloud Computing 101
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March ScHARe 1 – Accounts and Workspaces

April ScHARe 2 – Terra Datasets

May ScHARe 3 – Terra Google-hosted Datasets

June ScHARe 4 – Terra ScHARe-hosted Datasets

July An Introduction to Python for Data Science – Part 1

An Introduction to Python for Data Science – Part 2

September Schare 5: A Review of the Schare Platform and Data Ecosystem

October Preparing for Al 1: Common Data Elements and Data Aggregation

November Preparing for AI 2: An Introduction to FAIR Data and AI-ready Datasets

January Preparing for AI 3: Computational Data Science Strategies 101

February/March Preparing for AI 4: Overview Prep for AI Summary with Transparency, Privacy, Ethics

April Research Teams – SDoH and Health Disparities

May

Be a Part of the Future of Knowledge Generation 1: Al/Cloud Computing Basics and CDEs

July Be a Part of the Future of Knowledge Generation 2: Al-Ready Datasets and Computations

SPECIAL EVENTS

- ScHARe for Educators
 (Community Colleges and low-resource MSIs)
- Schare for American Indian/
 Alaska Native Researchers
- ScHARe for Coders and Programmers to conduct research

Experience conducting ethical Al

Transparency

Public perception and understanding of how AI works

- Technical documentation for duplication/re-use
- Tools:
 - Data dictionary
 - Health sheet (Data sheet)
 - Model cards (capabilities and purpose of algorithms are openly and clearly communicated to relevant stakeholders)

Fairness

Findable: providing metadata, documentation, and clear identifiers

Accessible: wide audience
Interoperable: standardized formats and APIs enable seamless integration

Reusable: clear documentation, licensing, reduce redundancy

- Metadata and data should be easy to find for both humans and computers
- Ensure that data represents relevant populations

Think-a-Thons training/mentoring pipeline

NLM OIC Experts Fellows Think-a-Thons

- ✓ Instructional
 - ✓ Research

AIM-AHEAD

AnVil HEAL

N3C All of US

BioData Catalyst

Using AI experts

to train and mentor novice AI users

to upskill and mentor diverse perspectives in AI to increase diverse perspectives in biomedical research

Goal: "Upskilling"

- ✓ Data science specialists into health disparities and health outcomes research
- ✓ Health disparities/outcomes researchers into using big data and cloud computing

Target Audience:

Underrepresented populations (women, race/ethnic) users not trained in data science

O

- ✓ Data scientists with no or little research experience
- Resource and tool for Community Colleges and lowresource MSIs and organizations